

THE PRINCE ALBERT TIMES AND SASKATCHEWAN REVIEW.

VOL. 2.—NO. 20.

PRINCE ALBERT, N. W. T., FRIDAY, MARCH 21, 1884.

\$2 50 A YEAR.

BANKING HOUSE

Macarthur & Knowles,
Prince Albert, N.W.T.

Transact a General Banking Business.
Interest allowed on Deposits.
Notes Discounted.
Drafts cleared available at all points in the Dominion.
Collections undertaken and promptly attended to.
BANKERS—Merchants' Bank of Canada
McLEAN & ELLIOT.

Barretters, Solicitors, Etc.

PRINCE ALBERT N.W.T.
W. A. McLean, S. C. Elliot.

W. R. GUNN, M.A.,
Attorney, Notary Public, Conveyancer
Etc. Etc.
Lands bought and sold. Money invested.
Local agent for W. J. Fenelon & Co. Real
estate Agents, Hamilton, Ont.
O'Brien & Co. Brick Store, Montreal.
PRINCE ALBERT N.W.T.

WILLIAM V. MACLISE,
Barretters, Notary, Etc.

Office—Cathedral Hill, between J. O.
Davis & Co's and Bell's & Grey's.

FIRST CASE BY EXPRESS.

NEW

SPRING & SUMMER

MILLINERY,

AND

FANCY GOODS.

AT

MISS MACK & CO.,

CAMPBELL'S BLOCK.

STRAYED

On to the premises of the undersigned,
about a month ago, a dark brown mare
colt, about a year old; feet and face
white.

The owner can have her by paying ex-
penses. If not claimed before the ex-
piry of two months will be sold to pay
expenses.

J. R. ISBISTER, South Branch,
March 21st, 1884.

NOTICE.

All parties holding lots on the
Presbyterian Mission

Property, are required to make their
second payment on the same, not
later than 1st of May, when agree-
ments of sale will be given.

T. N. CAMPBELL, Agent,
Foreign Mission Committee.

MARKLEY & COY.,

GENERAL

MERCHANTS

PRINCE ALBERT, N.W.T.

METHODIST CHURCH.

Services—Evening 7 p.m., at the Mission
Rev. Caleb Parker pastor.

THE HORSE SHOE STORE

There is a motto that explains if you follow
the rule.
You will find in the end it will pay.
Success it will crown every effort you make.
As you travel on life's rocky way.
A cent that is saved is a cent that is gained.
Is a motto you never will rue.
When buying your groceries go where they
are cheap.

At the store they call the "Horse Shoe."
It is not only cents but dollars you will have.
And that is the course of a year.
Will leave you a hundred more to the good.
You have saved in buying goods here.
Remember the motto and also the place.
You will find all our goods fresh and new.
We never keep stock for to mold on the
shelves.

At the store that they call the "Horse Shoe."
We have cut down our prices to suit the
hard times.
Live and let live is a rule that is just.
We will sell you goods as very nearly at cost.
But to do this we cannot give trust.
No into others. It is the square rule.
As you would have others do unto you.
And this is the motto we take for our guide.
At the store that they call the "Horse Shoe."
Give us a call and convince yourself
that we sell cheap for cash.

T. O. DAVIS.

N. B. Farmers produce taken in exchange
for goods.

MIRTH.

MADE—At Windsor, Ont., on 25th ult.,
the wife of C. Main, of Prince Albert, Sask.,
of a daughter.

MANITOBA.

BRANDON.

From the Blade, March 6.
The weather is chilly.

The St. George snow shoe club had a
tramp on Tuesday evening.

A leap-year social is to be held to-mor-
row evening in the Methodist Church.

The teaching staff in the Convent has
been increased.

There are now forty prisoners in the
Provincial jail at Winnipeg.

The curling hospital ended in a defeat
for the west end.

PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE

From the Review, March 7.
Mr. W. R. Baker has presented the
Portage Curling Club with a handsome
medal.

The snow shoe club had the best tramp
of the season on Tuesday evening.

A feature of the skating carnival next
week will be a tug of war on skates.

The snow fall for last month was nine
inches.

The Rev. J. B. Silcox will deliver his
lecture on Martin Luther here at an
early date.

RAT PORTAGE.

From the Progress, March 1.
The C. P. R. is erecting a large ice-
house near the station for its own con-
venience.

The Manitoba Consolidated Gold Min-
ing Company will resume work at Clear-
water Bay next week.

Mr. C. E. Forj will open a gymnasium
and training school next week.

Thirty-eight registered letters left the
post office yesterday.

The Ontario Government has granted
\$300 in aid of the school here.

STONEWALL.

From the News, March 8.
A petition is in circulation to assist
Mrs. Craig, whose husband was lost in a
snow storm about a month ago.

Mr. Airth, a wealthy farmer living in
Banana about eight miles west of here,
was found dead in his bed on Saturday
morning of last week. Heart disease.

Roads in bad condition.
Garden seeds are being planted.

New York, Feb. 29.—The storm which
except the Atlantic coast last night was
very severe along the New England coast.
Many small crafts were driven ashore,
that the crews were rescued. The steamship
Cincinnati grounded in entering the
port, but later floated unscathed.

CHIT-CHAT LOCALS.

Gathered by our Reporters.
The weather during the past week has
been very mild.

Twelve loads of goods arrived for T. O.
Davis yesterday.

It is thought that the river will break
up in about three weeks.

A. Dobbs intends opening a restaurant
next week at reduced rates.

Messrs. J. M. Campbell and H. Hurd
left for Carrot River on Wednesday.

Mr. T. O. Davis has gone to Carrot
River for a few days.

The proclamation erecting this place into
an incorporated town is expected by
the next mail.

The Band gave in open air concert on
Monday evening last, on the roof of J. O.
Davis & Co's. store.

Miss Mack has received the first con-
signments of her spring and summer stock
of millinery and fancy goods.

The Indians are beginning to move
from across the river. A pretty certain
indication that game spring is near.

T. E. Jackson, chemist, is expecting in
large supply of fancy goods and drug-
gists' sundries next week.

Goodfellow Bros. have got out a large
number of logs this winter and will com-
mence cutting shingles in a few days.

Judging from appearances the "lean
fudgling" will soon be a thing of the past,
the hot sun of the past week having re-
duced it considerably.

We are pleased to see R. Middleton
around the Woodbine Billiard Hall once
more, Mr. Donahoe having engaged him
to assist in looking after the business.

Mr. W. W. Clarke left for Winnipeg
yesterday on business. He will return
in about four weeks. He was accom-
panied by Mr. Grogg, who goes to Qu'Appelle
to reside of his claim near that place.

Last Monday being St. Patrick's day
some of our local sports arranged for a
few foot races to assist in celebrating
the day, which came off very satisfac-
torily. Several jackknives changed hands
over the different events.

There is a natural skating rink formed
on the river from springs in the bank op-
posite McKay's mill. The ice is in good
condition, and during the last few warm
days has been patronized largely, owing
to the ice being unfit for skating on the
other Saturdays.

On Saturday evening last the Argyle
Curling Club held their last meeting of
the season. Before separating it was
unanimously agreed that this had been
the most happy and enjoyable winter
they had spent in the North West, both
on the ice and in their meeting room.

On the first inst. Mr. Arthur F. Eden
left the firm of Stewart, Eden & Co. to
become land commissioner of the Mani-
toba and Northwestern Railway. The
people of this town will remember his
visit here in 1881, and will be glad to
learn that he is interested in a property
in town.

We are indebted to Messrs. C. B. Cat-
ter & Sons, printing press manufacturers,
8 Spence street, New York, and 198
Clark street, Chicago, for a copy of their
beautifully designed and printed calendar
for 1884, which is unique in its way,
each page being of a color and design
suitable to the month for which it forms
a calendar.

A pleasant time was spent by the
members of the East End Debating Club,
last evening. Mr. J. M. McPhail read
an essay on the Importance of Trade, and
Mr. Page an essay on Hell. Mr.
Collier was appointed critic. Mr. E.
Thompson then read a Lecture on
Women's Rights, followed by a song by
Mr. M. McPhail. Mr. Halpin then
criticized Mr. Page's essay and Mr. E.
Thompson sang "Douglass tender and
true." Mr. Collier recited "The burn-
ing of the Galilee" and Mr. M. McPhail
sang "I've just been down to the Club."

The subject for debate next Thursday
evening is, Resolved, that Oliver Crom-
well was a saint.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 29.—The earnings
of the route for February aggregated \$1,
179, 800.

CONFLAGRATION.

A \$40,000 BLAZE.

The Hudson's Bay Company's
Grain Mill Reduced to Ashes
and a Large Quantity of
Grain Destroyed.

Last Tuesday about 5:30 p. m. an
alarm of fire was sounded almost simul-
taneously from both ends of the town, and
on enquiry it was found that fire had
broken out in the Hudson's Bay mill, a
three storey frame building filled with
machinery. On the sounding of the alarm
the members of the east end fire
brigade and the employees and officials
of the Company rushed to the scene and
endeavored were at once made to save the
building. A hose, with which the mill
was provided, was put together and at-
tached to the pump. The end of the
hose was taken up to the second flat with
the intention of confining the flames to
possible to the upper story. This was
soon found to be impossible and the men
were driven to the lower flat by the falling
timbers and blinding smoke, and the
word was given to save what they could
of the building was doomed. A large
quantity of grain in bags was got out
before the fire broke out, but the intense
heat soon drove every body away from the burning
building. Attention was then turned to the
saving of a large warehouse a short dis-
tance from the mill, which was filled
with grain. A bucket line was formed
from the river to the roof of the
storehouse and by the most strenuous
efforts the citizens succeeded in saving it,
although at times the heat was almost
unbearable to those who were on the
roof. By this time the main building
was gone, and what but a few minutes
before, so rapid was the progress of the
flames, was a valuable property was now
a pile of ruins, slowly burning itself out.
About 1,000 bushels of wheat were de-
stroyed by the fire and water. The mill
had commenced running again but a few
days, after the putting in of some new
and valuable machinery, by which an
entire cycle of flour was being turned
out. The loss to the community will be
very great, as we are now left with but
one steam grain mill in this large and
populous district. The building and
plant cost \$40,000, which it is to be
hoped the Company will replace during
the coming summer. Great credit is due
to the citizens generally who turned out
so promptly and worked so energetically
in assisting the Company's people to save
the property. The fire is supposed to
have originated in the upper part of the
engine room, through a defect in the
smoke stack. Mr. Dickson, the miller,
having just been around the upper stories
and stated that every thing was running
smoothly and correct.

TERRITORIAL NEWS.

QU'APPELLE.

From the Record, March 1.
The weather is very mild and the snow
is disappearing fast.

The hachelers of Fort intend to give a
social shortly in aid of the church.

Mr. Baker, immigration agent, is of
the opinion that a large number of im-
migrants will arrive to settle in this neigh-
borhood this spring.

MOOSE JAW.

From the News, March 1.
The tobogganing slide is again in good
condition.

An address and presentation to Mr. J.
H. P. Brown, railway mail clerk, took
place on Tuesday evening, the occasion
being his departure for the east.

Mr. J. A. Whittmore has a brace of
hounds, who ran down and captured a
wolf. As they have never had any train-
ing, the fact shows how well bred dogs
inherit instinct.

A number of half-breed traders from
Wood Mountain were in town purchas-
ing flour, etc.

Preparations are being made for an
early start in the building boom this com-
ing summer.

TELEGRAPHIC.

PARLIAMENT IN SESSION.

Norquay's Government sus-
tained by a Majority of 19.

A Big Scandal in Toronto.

Bribery and Corruption on the
Rampage.

Attempt made to Bribe Three
of Mowat's Supporters.

Mowat Denounces Them on the
Floor of the House.

The Money Counted out on the
Clerk's Table.

Arrest of the Guilty Parties.

The Police Magistrate Commits Them for
Trial.

The Matter Brought up in the House and
Investigation is going on.

Members who Revealed the Plot have
been Denounced by the Opposition.

Chief Ensignment to O'Brien in Toronto and
Winnipeg.

Another Hudson's Bay Railway Bill
Introduced.

The Reduction Bill Likely to be Defeated
in Senate.

By Special Telegram to the Times.

WINNIPEG, March 20.—The Local
House met on the 18th inst., and is now
in session.

Two direct votes have been taken and
Mr. Norquay has been sustained by a
majority of sixteen.

A big scandal has been brought to
light in Toronto.

Bunting, of the Mail, Ed. Monk, bar-
rister, Wilkinson, of bag push fame, and
Kirkland gave \$1,000 each to three sup-
porters of Mowat's Government, on con-
dition that they vote against Mowat in
the House. They were also promised
situations in the North West.

The members took the money, and
appeared to fall into the scheme, while
all the time they were telling Mowat.

All at once Mowat denounced the plot
in the House, causing the utmost con-
sternation amongst the conspirators, and
the \$3,000 received was counted out on
the clerk's table.

Warrants were issued for the arrest of
Wilkinson and Kirkland, who were ar-
rested and are now in Toronto jail.

Bunting and Monk are out on bail, but
bail has been refused for the others.

All four have been before the Police
Magistrate, who committed them for
trial.

The matter has been brought up in
the House, and an investigation is now
going on.

The members who revealed the plot
have been denounced by the Opposition
on the floor of the House.

The excitement in Ottawa, Toronto and
elsewhere is intense.

It is said the money was furnished by
the Shields' faction, who is implicated,
and will likely be arrested.

The indignation is intense. Some
fresh and startling developments are
expected.

Bunting, of the Mail, has nothing to
say in reference to the matter.

OTTAWA, March 20.—Intense excite-
ment is felt here over the Toronto bribery
scandal.

Another Hudson Bay Railway bill has
been introduced in the House.

Mr. Charlton's Sedition bill, which
was passed in the House, is likely to be
defeated in the Senate.

REGINA.

From the Leader, March 8.
A social in aid of the funds of the
Methodist Church will be held on March
7th.

The next sitting of the District Court
of the first Judicial District will be held
here on the 27th inst.

A conversation will be held on the
11th inst. in aid of the Ladies' Aid So-
ciety of the Presbyterian Church.

THE PRINCE ALBERT TIMES

AND
SASKATCHEWAN REVIEW
PUBLISHED BY

SPINK & MAYEY

T. A. SPINK. J. D. MAYEY.

AT THEIR OFFICE.

PRINCE ALBERT, N. W. T.

TERMS.—\$2.50 per ann in advance
single copies, 10 cents each.No one will publish in this
paper. Business locals, 10c. per line.

All letters to be addressed to the Proprietor.

OUR GRIEVANCES.

It has been our misfortune to have to devote much of our space to remonstrance against grievances and we only wish we could help by their redress to be soon relieved of this unpleasant duty. The task of complaint and remonstrance accompanied by the prayer for relief has been so ever present, as to bring down on the heads of the settlers in the Territories the accusation of being unreasonable grumblers and impossible to satisfy. So long as this charge emanates from those who possess that most unenviable constitution which enables them with the utmost sang froid to witness torture applied to the bodies of their neighbours, while they themselves utter shriek upon shriek of agony and indignation it only their pet corn be accidentally trodden on, and who presumes to pass judgment upon matters of which they have no possible knowledge, we do not feel much affected by their sentiments or opinions, and we consider that to answer them seriously would be at once to waste our time and unnecessarily increase their already ludicrously exaggerated sense of their own importance. There are however a good many men who with more sympathy for the hardships of other, and more highly developed powers of judgment than to join the self-centred pieces of humanity referred to, yet constantly impress upon us the necessity of waiting patiently and giving time to the "powers that be" while we freely admit that a man with a grievance or more, a man with many of them, is apt to be any thing but a "Job," we must confess that we would find more encouragement for the exercise of patience in some directions, could we discover any inclination to afford us voluntarily and spontaneously justice in others. It is decidedly discouraging to have to fight hard, agitate and petition for the redress of grievances, which, the principals and facts involved being undisputed, might be remedied by a scratch of the pen. Now while the utterly unprecedented and unexpected rapidity with which civilization has poured into the Territories has rendered it difficult if not impossible for the government to keep pace with the changed condition of things in every respect, still we are of opinion that time has been given to effect some more obvious alterations demanded by the new order of things. We presume that the descendants of men who wrested from the hands of grasping monarchs the safe-guards of their rights and liberties contained in "Magna Charta"—Bill of Rights—Grand Re-monstrances—Habeas Corpus—Act of settlement, etc., must be fully alive to what their constitutional rights consist of and when they remember that the stroke of the axe, deprived King Charles I. of his head, ended the theory of the Divine Right of kings in our father's land, and the attempt to tax without a parliament—it is not likely that we will long submit to taxation without representation. However while we feel so perfectly easy as to getting such an open violation of our rights

as this redressed, by all means let us be patient. With regard to suffering the existence of another deliberate and flagrant outrage on our liberties as free men, we do not feel justified in counselling a further exercise of that most excellent virtue, which by the way may easily by too long use degenerate into a vice. We refer to the existence in our midst of men armed with the monstrous, extraordinary, abnormal and utterly unconstitutional (when combined) powers of Police Officers and Civil Magistrates. It is not our desire to reflect upon the appointment in the past of those "self-acting and complete within themselves" legal excrescences. We are prepared to admit that in days gone by the circumstances of the country may have rendered their existence a necessary evil. Furthermore, we must not be misunderstood to be making any attack upon police officers, as such, or upon individuals of the combination order. What we oppose is the violation of a principle, the encroachment on our liberties. We believe that the constitution, vested with these strange powers, as a rule, exercises them with as much moderation and regard to the liberty of the subject, as their individual lights and the idiosyncrasy of their several temperaments allow, but none the less do we totally object, as British subjects, to being at the mercy of either. The Mounted Police Force taken as a whole, has admirably answered its end, and while it might be desirable to let the men themselves, as well as the general public, understand more exactly the precise nature of their duties, and the limit of their powers, we cheerfully acknowledge that as policemen we are thankful to have them with us, until municipal machinery enables us to dispense with their services. The granting of magisterial powers and privileges to their officers, unless under most exceptional circumstances, as we have already stated, we utterly refuse to homologate. It is needless to point out to anyone who has ever watched the proceedings of police courts, be the police as well meaning as possible, how often the magistrates have to protect the public against harsh and aggressive conduct on their part. Again, just as it is well-known to medical men, that members of their profession who have made the study of lunacy a specialty, commonly discover indications of insanity in people at least as sound as themselves, so does the police mind tend to find evidences of guilt, which are hidden from the less professional minds of jurymen and civil magistrates. In addition to this bias, there must exist in the mind of the officer, although he may be quite unconscious of it, a strong pre-disposition, when acting as a magistrate, to justify and support, by the conviction of an accused, the action of his subordinates. Does this, added to the professional arbitrariness incidental to his position, render him a suitable subject to take the place of a jury and estimate the value of evidence on a summary trial? Were this all it would be bad enough, but it seems hardly credible that such a monstrous phenomenon can exist in these days, and in the centre of civilization, as a man who within himself contains the power to order an information to be laid against a free man, arrest him, sit in judgment upon him, condemn him, lock him up and act as his goaler, or fine him and levy a distress. If anything further be wanted to complete the iniquity of such a possibility as this, it may be found in the facts that there are probably more offences,

involving the possibility of a six months' incarceration dealt with by justices of the peace in the Territories than elsewhere, and that from their decision there seems, in hardly any cases, to be any appeal. That this discreditable state of things should exist without having caused more outcry may largely be ascribed to the fact that there are few places of any size where either stipendiary or local magistrates are within reasonable access, and that where such is the case the good sense and taste of police officers generally induce them to send cases to be dealt with by them, in preference to irritating the public, by the exercise of powers clearly intended to be only used when no other course is open. It is obvious however that such a matter as this must not be left to good taste of individuals. It is the possibility of such unbounded powers being exercised in the midst of civilized communities of Her Majesty's subjects, that must promptly cease. If there still exist spots so remote that none but police officers can be found fit to perform the duties of magistrates, then let them be made clearly to understand that under such circumstances alone are they to act in that capacity. It may not be our place to suggest the remedy for an evil we had no hand in creating, but it certainly is our duty to insist that one be found. Should this continue we will begin to speculate seriously as to whether the public temper is being not very gradually educated for the reception of a military dictatorship.

HO FOR THE WEST.

GENERAL BLACKSMITHING

AND

HORSESHOEING

Done on the Most Approved Principles
and the following diseases
remedied:Contracted Feet, Hot Hoof, Weak Hoofed
Corns, Interfiring and other diseases in
the feet of horses.

Sleigh and Cutter Ironing,

Carriage Repairing

And Jobbing

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

WM. GORDON.

THE WEEK, a New Journal, Politics and Criticism. Edited by Charles G. D. Roberts. Published every Thursday, at \$3 per annum. The WEEK will appear by an accomplished table of contents to the different topics which exist within the circle of a cultured home, and will endeavor faithfully to reflect and summarize the intellectual, social and political movements of the day. Mr. Archibald Smith will be a regular contributor. Mr. Edgar Fawcett, author of "An Ambitious Woman," "A Gentleman of Leisure," etc., contributes to the WEEK a novel of New York society, entitled "The Adventures of a widow." Principal Grant, of Queen's University will write, among other valuable papers, a series of descriptive of a tour taken by him during the past summer, "Down the Kicking Horse and across the Selkirk." There will be contributions in prose and verse from many of the most popular American and Canadian writers. Art, music and the drama will receive abundant and careful attention. Advertisers will find The WEEK a specially good medium through which to reach the educated classes of Canada. For terms and other particulars apply to

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Mail Contractors.

PUBLIC NOTICE:

All persons are hereby required to take notice that the cutting of timber on the public lands without authority from the Minister of the Interior or the Local agent of Dominion Lands for the District is prohibited by law, and all timber so cut without authority is liable to seizure, and to be dealt with as the Minister of the Interior may direct.

Each settler on a homestead quarter section not having timber on it, may, on application to the Local Agent of Dominion Lands, purchase a wood lot not exceeding twenty acres in extent, at \$5 per acre.

Any person other than a homestead settler desiring permission to cut timber must make application therefor to the Minister of the Interior, who will deal with such application according to law.

Persons who have already cut timber without authority must pay the dues thereon to the Crown Timber Agent at his office on or before the 1st May, 1884, otherwise the said timber will be confiscated under the Dominion Lands Act.

D. J. WAGGONER,

Crown Timber Agent,

SEEDS!

Agricultural, Garden and Flower seeds, cereals, timothy and all varieties of grass seeds. Free seeds, carefully selected and guaranteed. Our illustrated catalogue free on application.

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883 Main-st., Winnipeg.

DR. A. STACKHOUSE

DENTIST.

PRINCE ALBERT, N. W. T.

The Grand Central

RESTAURANT.

(Old Woodbine Saloon.)

This new Restaurant has been opened and is now ready for boarders.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

THOMAS ORAM - PROP.

KNOX & BARKER,

CARPENTERS, ETC.

OFFICE AND WORKSHOP.

Near Presbyterian Church.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE
MEDICAL HALL.

Victoria Hypophosphites,
Victoria Buchu and Uva Ursi,
Victoria Carbolic Acid Soap,
Burdock Blood Bitters,
Burdock Pills,
Hayward's Cough Balsam,
Hayward's Yellow Oil,

Direct from the Manufacturers.

TERMS CASH

Jobbers supplied on reasonable terms.
Physicians' prescriptions and family recipes carefully prepared.

T. E. JACKSON,
Chemist & Druggist.

J. O. DAVIS & CO.

Don't talk unless you have something to say.

I whose purpose is to sell will praise but not exceed the truth, even to sell.

The Boom is off

We are determined to sell out at actual cost. Hard Lines.

Better luck next time.

"What cannot be avoided"
"Twere childish weakness to lament."
How often in affairs of men we see
Dull hesitation end in woeful loss!
Hesitate must be made, decide at once,
And with proceeds of thy sales buy cheaper.
Gold that's put to use more gold begets."

You know how we are situated. Please call and say you wish to buy for cash. This will be sure to establish a very agreeable feeling between us. You will thereby be master of the situation, and we will be sure to serve you in a satisfactory manner.

BRANCH STORE

Near the building occupied by the late firm of Ashdown & Agnew, in the west end.

Mr. W. C. Ramsay is in charge, and the public may depend on courteous treatment.

J. O. DAVIS & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

PRINCE ALBERT, SASK.

Prince Albert District, N.W.

